

Tides-related innovations in NEMO v4.2

Simon A. Müller
National Oceanography Centre, Southampton, UK



National
Oceanography
Centre

New tidal-forcing options (collaboration with Nicolas Bruneau)

- Tunable tidal tilt factor $1 + k - h$**

```
$ grep rn_tide_gamma cfgs/SHARED/namelist_ref
rn_tide_gamma = 0.7                                ! Tidal tilt factor
```

- Revised and extended default tidal parameter set**

```
$ grep nn_tide_var cfgs/SHARED/namelist_ref -A 1
nn_tide_var = 1                                     ! Variant of tidal parameter set and tide-potential computation
! (1: default; 0: compatibility with previous versions)
```

+ 11 additional constituents in tidal potential

+ 8 constituents newly available for forcing at open boundaries

+ Matches FES2014 constituent set (<https://www.aviso.altimetry.fr/en/data/products/auxiliary-products/global-tide-fes.html>)

NEMO v4.2		legacy option
Long-period tidal constituents		
Mf		(Mf)
Mm		(Mm)
Ssa		-
Mtm		(Mtm)
Msf		-
Msqm		(Msqm)
(Sa)		-
Diurnal tidal constituents		
K1		K1
O1		O1
P1		P1
Q1		Q1
J1 (S1)		- (S1)
Semidiurnal tidal constituents		
M2		M2
S2		S2
N2		NS
K2		K2
ν_2		ν_2

Constituents in parentheses are not included in tidal potential

NEMO v4.2		legacy option
Semidiurnal tidal constituents (cont.)		
μ_2		μ_2
2N2		2N2
L2		L2
T2		T2
e2		-
λ_2		-
R2		-
Terdiurnal tidal constituents		
M3		-
Compound tides		
(MKS2)		-
(MN4)		-
(MS4)		-
Overtides		
(M4)		(M4)
(N4)		-
(S4)		-
(M6)		-
(M8)		-

Flexible multiple linear regression analysis for NEMO

- Multiple linear least-squares regression** in terms of **scalar products** between dependent time-stepped model diagnostics $|y\rangle$ and regressors $|x_m\rangle$, $\langle y | x_m \rangle$ and $\langle x_n | x_m \rangle$

$$\begin{pmatrix} r_1 \\ \vdots \\ r_{n_r} \end{pmatrix} = M^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} \langle y | x_1 \rangle \\ \vdots \\ \langle y | x_{n_r} \rangle \end{pmatrix}, \text{ where } M = \begin{pmatrix} \langle x_1 | x_1 \rangle & \dots & \langle x_1 | x_{n_r} \rangle \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \langle x_{n_r} | x_1 \rangle & \dots & \langle x_{n_r} | x_{n_r} \rangle \end{pmatrix}.$$

- XIOS I/O server** receives the dependent variables $|y\rangle$ as 2D and 3D fields from NEMO, **can compute regressors** $|x_m\rangle$ from a clock signal sent by NEMO, **can be configured to compute the scalar products**, and **can periodically output accumulated scalar products**
- Parameter substitution** in XIOS regressor configurations such as


```
<field [...] expr="__TDE_M2_amp__ * sin( __TDE_M2_omega__ * dmlr_time + __TDE_M2_phase__ )" [...] />
```

 and configuration of scalar-product diagnostics **at runtime** by NEMO
- + **Wide range of applications** (e.g., tidal harmonic analysis, seasonal detrending, etc.)
- + **Flexibility during post-processing** (e.g., restriction of analysis to regressor subset, choice of analysis interval within granularity of scalar-product output)

Tidal harmonic analysis innovations (w.r.t. current/previous NEMO release versions)

- + Tidal harmonic analyses **across model restarts**
- + Analysis **interval selection** during post processing
- + Tidal harmonic analyses of **any 2D and 3D diagnostic field**
- + Computational **efficiency**
- + **External analysis tool** to facilitate analyses (rudimentary tools/DIAMLR/diamlr.py, to be developed further)