

!!! OLD MACHINE, DOESN'T EXIST ANYMORE !!!

Working on the curie machine

Table of Content

Working on the curie machine	1
1. On-line users manual	2
2. Job manager commands	2
3. Before starting a job	2
3.1. Specify the project name	2
3.2. QoS test	2
4. Other job manager commands	2
5. Thin nodes	4
5.1. SSD on standard node : how to use it for rebuild job	4
6. Job Header for MPI - MPI/OMP with libGCM	4
6.1. Forced model	4
6.1.1. MPI	4
6.1.2. hybrid MPI-OMP	5
6.2. Coupled model	5
6.2.1. MPI	5
6.2.2. hybrid MPI-OMP	5
7. Tricks	6
8. How to use the ddt debugger for the coupled model (or any other MPMD mode)	6
8.1. MPI only	6
8.2. Hybrid MPI-OpenMP (use of mpirun -rankfile method)	6
9. Errors on curie when running simulations	7
9.1. Job error: KILLED ... WITH SIGNAL 15	7
9.2. Isn't there restart files for LMDZ?	7
9.3. Errors when creating or transferring files	7
9.4. Job error: Segmentation fault	7
9.5. Error when submitting jobs	8
9.6. Long waiting time before a job execution	8
9.7. Disk quota exceeded	8
9.8. A daemon (pid unknown) died unexpectedly with status 1 while attempting to launch so we are aborting.	8
10. REDO	8

1. On-line users manual

- The command `curie.info` returns all useful information on the curie machine. Keep it in mind and use it often.
- The TGCC's storage spaces are visible from the curie machine: `$HOME` , `$CCCWORKDIR` and `$CCCSTOREDIR`
- The `$SCRATCHDIR` space only exists for the curie machine. Be careful, this space is often cleaned and only files that are less than 40 days are stored.
- You will find the users manual provided by TGCC [here](#) : provide your TGCC/CCRT login and password in the tab for TGCC.

2. Job manager commands

- `ccc_msub job ->` submit a job
- `ccc_mdel ID ->` kill the job with the specified ID number
- `ccc_mstat -u login ->` display all jobs submitted by login
- `ccc_mpp ->` display all jobs submitted on the machine. `ccc_mpp -n` to avoid colors.
- `ccc_mpp -u $(whoami) ->`display your jobs.

3. Before starting a job

3.1. Specify the project name

Since January 2013, you must specify in the header from which project you will use computing time:

```
#MSUB -A genxxx
```

3.2. QoS test

QoS (Quality of Service) is a test queue. You can have a maximum of 2 jobs in test queue, each of them is limited to 30min and 70 nodes (= 1120 tasks). In the job header you must add:

```
#MSUB -Q test
```

and change the CPU time limit

```
#MSUB -T 1800
```

To check QoS parameters, use :

```
> ccc_mqinfo
Name      Partition  Priority  MaxCPUs  SumCPUs  MaxNodes  MaxRun  MaxSub  MaxTime
-----
long      *          18       2048     4096     32        3-00:00:00
normal    *          20       300      1-00:00:00
test      standard   40       1260     1260     70        00:30:00
```

4. Other job manager commands

- `ccc_mpeek ID ->` display the output listing of a job. Note that the job outputs are visible while the job is running.
- `ccc_mpinfo` to find out about the classes status and about the computing requirements of the associated processors. For example (11/26/2012) :

```
/usr/bin/ccc_mpinfo
-----CPU-----
PARTITION  STATUS  TOTAL  DOWN  USED  FREE  TOTAL  DOWN  USED  FREE  MpC  CpN  SpN  CpS  TpC
-----
standard   up      80352  0     76161  4191  5022  0     4724  298  4000  16  2  8  1
hybrid     up      264    0     0      264   33    0     0     33  2900  8  2  4  1
```

- detail of a running job. One command per line `ccc_mprun` :

```
ccc_mstat -H 375309
```

JobID	JobName	Partitio	ReqCPU	Account	Start	Timelimit	Elapsed	State	ExitCode
375309	v3.histor+	standard	0	gen0826@standard	2012-05-11T16:27:53	1-00:00:00	01:49:03	RUNNING	0:0
375309+	p86maf_ru+		32	gen0826@standard	2012-05-11T16:28:16		00:14:19	COMPLETED	0:0
375309+	p86maf_ru+		32	gen0826@standard	2012-05-11T16:42:47		00:12:54	COMPLETED	0:0
375309+	p86maf_ru+		32	gen0826@standard	2012-05-11T16:55:59		00:13:30	COMPLETED	0:0
375309+	p86maf_ru+		32	gen0826@standard	2012-05-11T17:09:31		00:13:22	COMPLETED	0:0
375309+	p86maf_ru+		32	gen0826@standard	2012-05-11T17:24:06		00:13:36	COMPLETED	0:0
375309+	p86maf_ru+		32	gen0826@standard	2012-05-11T17:37:54		00:13:31	COMPLETED	0:0
375309+	p86maf_ru+		32	gen0826@standard	2012-05-11T17:51:28		00:14:19	COMPLETED	0:0
375309+	p86maf_ru+		32	gen0826@standard	2012-05-11T18:05:57		00:10:59	RUNNING	0:0

information about the error code of jobs: `ccc_macct nqsid`

- this job ran successfully:

```
> ccc_macct 698214
Jobid      : 698214
Jobname    : v5.historicalCMR4.452
User       : p86maf
Account    : gen2211@s+
Limits     : time = 1-00:00:00 , memory/task = Unknown
Date       : submit=06/09/2012 17:51:56, start=06/09/2012 17:51:57 , end= 07/09/2012 02:20:28
Execution  : partition = standard , QoS = normal
Resources  : ncpus = 53 , nnodes = 4
            Nodes=curie[2166,5964,6002,6176]

Memory /step
-----
                Resident (Mo)                Virtual (Go)
JobID           Max (Node:Task)           AveTask           Max (Node:Task)           AveTask
-----
698214          0(                               : 0)           0           0.00(                               : 0)           0.00
698214.batch    25(curie2166           : 0)           0           0.00(curie2166           : 0)           0.00
698214.0        952(curie2166           : 0)           0           3.00(curie2166           : 1)           0.00
...
698214.23       952(curie2166           : 0)           0           3.00(curie2166           : 2)           0.00

Accounting / step
-----
                JobID      JobName      Ncpus Nnodes  Ntasks      Elapsed      State ExitCode
-----
698214          v5.historic+  53      4              0      08:28:31     COMPLETED 0:0
698214.batch    batch         1      1              1      08:28:31     COMPLETED
698214.0        p86maf_run_+  53      4              53     00:20:53     COMPLETED
698214.1        p86maf_run_+  53      4              53     00:20:20     COMPLETED
...
698214.23       p86maf_run_+  53      4              53     00:21:06     COMPLETED
```

- this job failed with an error code:

```
> ccc_macct 680580
Jobid      : 680580
Jobname    : v5.historicalCMR4
User       : p86maf
Account    : gen2211@s+
Limits     : time = 1-00:00:00 , memory/task = Unknown
```

```

Date      : submit=30/08/2012 17:10:06, start=01/09/2012 04:11:30 , end= 01/09/2012 04:42:48
Execution : partition = standard , QoS = normal
Resources : ncpus = 53 , nnodes = 5
           Nodes=curie[2097,2107,4970,5413,5855]

Memory /step
-----
JobID          Resident (Mo)          AveTask          Virtual (Go)          AveTask
-----
680580         0(          : 0)          0          0.00(          : 0)          0.00
680580.batch   28(curie2097 : 0)          0          0.00(curie2097 : 0)          0.00
680580.0       952(curie2097 : 0)          0          3.00(curie2097 : 1)          0.00
680580.1       316(curie2097 : 8)          0          2.00(curie2097 : 8)          0.00

Accounting / step
-----
JobID  JobName  Ncpus  Nnodes  Ntasks  Elapsed  State  ExitCode
-----
680580  v5.historic+  53    5      5      00:31:18  COMPLETED  0:9
680580.batch  batch      1     1      1      00:31:18  COMPLETED
680580.0  p86maf_run_+  53    5     53      00:19:48  COMPLETED
680580.1  p86maf_run_+  53    5     53      00:10:06  CANCELLED b+

```

5. Thin nodes

Since April 2016, only thin nodes are available at TGCC. The job header must include #MSUB -q standard to use thin nodes.

5.1. SSD on standard node : how to use it for rebuild job

SSD usage could accelerate rebuild job. It's very useful for medium and high resolution configuration like IPSLCM5A-MR. You have only to change header and RUN_DIR_PATH in rebuild.job. Take care you will run faster but cost will be multiplied by a factor of 16 because standard node ie 16 cpus are dedicated. Beware of the size of the /tmp (64GB/node) : if you have configuration with very high resolution and very high output frequency, the /tmp of standard node could be too small; in this case see below.

```

#MSUB -q standard # thin nodes
#MSUB -x # exclusive node
RUN_DIR_PATH=/tmp/REBUILD_DIR_MR_$$

```

6. Job Header for MPI - MPI/OMP with libGCM

Since october 2015 and libGCM_v2.7, ins_job (libGCM/ins_job) successfully completes job's header. Nevertheless you can check with job's header examples provided here.

6.1. Forced model

6.1.1. MPI

To launch a job on XXX MPI tasks

```

#MSUB -r MyJob
#MSUB -o Script_Output_MyJob.000001 # standard output
#MSUB -e Script_Output_MyJob.000001 # error output
#MSUB -eo
#MSUB -n XXX # number of MPI task
#MSUB -T 86400 # Wall clock limit (seconds)
#MSUB -q standard # thin nodes

```

```
#MSUB -A gen****
BATCH_NUM_PROC_TOT=$BRIDGE_MSUB_NPROC
```

6.1.2. hybrid MPI-OMP

Hybrid version are only available with _v6 configurations

To launch a job on XXX MPI tasks and YYY threads OMP on each task

- first you need to modify your config.card

```
ATM= (gcm.e, lmdz.x, XXXMPI, YYYOMP)
```

- second you need to modify your job header

```
#MSUB -r MyJob
#MSUB -o Script_Output_MyJob.000001 # standard output
#MSUB -e Script_Output_MyJob.000001 # error output
#MSUB -eo
#MSUB -n XXX # number of MPI task
#MSUB -c YYY # number of threads OMP by task
#MSUB -T 86400 # Wall clock limit (seconds)
#MSUB -q standard # thin nodes
#MSUB -A gen****
BATCH_NUM_PROC_TOT=XXX * YYY # number of MPI task * OMP threads
```

6.2. Coupled model

6.2.1. MPI

To launch a job on XXX MPI tasks

```
#MSUB -r MyCoupledJob
#MSUB -o Script_Output_MyCoupledJob.000001 # standard output
#MSUB -e Script_Output_MyCoupledJob.000001 # error output
#MSUB -eo
#MSUB -n XXX # number of MPI task
#MSUB -T 86400 # Wall clock limit (seconds)
#MSUB -q standard # thin nodes
#MSUB -A gen****
BATCH_NUM_PROC_TOT=$BRIDGE_MSUB_NPROC
```

6.2.2. hybrid MPI-OMP

Hybrid version are only available with _v6 configurations

To launch a job on XXX (27) MPI tasks and YYY (4) threads OMP for LMDZ, ZZZ (19) MPI tasks for NEMO and SSS (1) XIOS servers :

- first you need to modify your config.card if required. By default, on curie, this is working for IPSLCM6_rc0 (IPSLCM6A_VLR) :

```
ATM= (gcm.e, lmdz.x, 27MPI, 4OMP)
SRF= ( " " , " " )
SBG= ( " " , " " )
OCE= ( opa, opa.xx , 19MPI)
ICE= ( " " , " " )
MBG= ( " " , " " )
CPL= ( " " , " " )
IOS= (xios_server.exe, xios.x, 1MPI)
```

- second you need to modify your job header

```
#MSUB -r MyCoupledJob
#MSUB -o Script_Output_MyCoupledJob.000001 # standard output
#MSUB -e Script_Output_MyCoupledJob.000001 # error output
#MSUB -eo
#MSUB -n 128 # Number of cores (XXX * YYY + ZZZ + SSS)
#MSUB -x # exclusive node
#MSUB -E '--cpu_bind=none'
#MSUB -T 86400 # Wall clock limit (seconds)
#MSUB -q standard # thin nodes
#MSUB -A gen***
```

7. Tricks

- export LANG=C to correctly display curie.info (by default for new logins)
- use [SHIFT] [CTL] C to copy part of a text displayed by curie.info
- ccc_quota gives usage of HOME, WORK, STORE and SCRATCHDIR. ccc_quota gives also detailed informations about CCCSTOREDIR usage. These informations are updated once a day at 1pm.
- use module list, module unload, module load to see info and use specific versions of compilers/libraries/tools.

8. How to use the ddt debugger for the coupled model (or any other MPMD mode)

8.1. MPI only

- compile the model you wish to debug with the -g option (necessary in order to have access to sources from the ddt interface)
- create a debug directory which includes the model executables and the input files required by the model
- create a simplified debug job which allows you to start a run in the debug directory
- add the command "module load ddt" to your job
- add the creation of configuration run_file
- add a ddt start command in your job
- delete the environment variable SLURM_SPANK_AUKS : unset SLURM_SPANK_AUKS

```
...
module load ddt
unset SLURM_SPANK_AUKS

echo "-np 1 ${DDTPATH}/bin/ddt-client ${TMPDIR_DEBUG}/oasis" > run_file
echo "-np 26 ${DDTPATH}/bin/ddt-client ${TMPDIR_DEBUG}/lmdz.x" >> run_file
echo "-np 5 ${DDTPATH}/bin/ddt-client ${TMPDIR_DEBUG}/opa.xx" >> run_file

ddt
```

- connect yourself to curie in SSH mode with graphic export (option -X) and enter your password (if you have SSH keys on the front-end machine, move the ~/.ssh/authorized_keys* files outside of the directory, disconnect and reconnect yourself)
- start the job with graphic export : ccc_msub -X Job
- when the ddt window appears:
 - click on "Run and Debug a Program"
 - in Application select one of the 3 model executables (which one does not matter)
 - in MPI Implementation choose the "OpenMPI (Compatibility)" mode
 - in mpirun arguments put "--app \${TMPDIR_DEBUG}/run_file" with TMPDIR_DEBUG = debug directory
 - click on "Run" then on the "play" key in the upper left corner

8.2. Hybrid MPI-OpenMP (use of mpirun -rankfile method)

- compile the model you wish to debug with the -g option (necessary in order to have access to sources from the ddt interface)

- create a debug directory which includes the model executables and the input files required by the model
- create a simplified debug job which allows you to start a run in the debug directory
- add the command "module load ddt" to your job
- example with 4 OpenMP threads for lmdz and 1 OpenMP thread for nemo :

```
ddt -start -n 51 -mpiargs "-rankfile rankfile.txt --tag-output \  
-np 20 -x KMP_STACKSIZE=3g -x KMP_LIBRARY=turnaround -x MKL_SERIAL=YES -x OMP_NUM_THREADS=4 ./lmdz.x : \  
-np 31 -x OMP_NUM_THREADS=1 ./opa.xx  
"
```

- start the job with graphic export : `ccc_msub -X Job`
- if not default option, select "Autoselect Bullx MPI" in Options and relaunch the job.

9. Errors on curie when running simulations

9.1. Job error: KILLED ... WITH SIGNAL 15

```
slurmd[curiel1006]: error: *** STEP 639264.5 KILLED AT 2012-08-01T17:00:29 WITH SIGNAL 15 ***
```

This error message means that the time limit is exceeded. To solve the problem type `clean_PeriodLength.job`, increase the time limit (or decrease `PeriodNb`) and restart.

9.2. Isn't there restart files for LMDZ?

Problem:

- If the coupled model does not run successfully, the whole chain of commands stops because there is no restart file for LMDZ. Read carefully the `out_execution` file.

Solution:

- look if a file like `*error` exists in the Debug subdirectory. It contains clear message errors.
- in the executable directory `$SCRATCHDIR/RUN_DIR/xxxx/IPSLCM5A/xxxx` look for the `out_execution` file. If it contains:

```
srun: First task exited 600s ago  
srun: tasks 0-40,42-45: running  
srun: task 41: exited abnormally  
srun: Terminating job step 438782.1  
slurmd[curiel1150]: *** STEP 438782.1 KILLED AT 2012-06-10T18:45:41 WITH SIGNAL 9 ***  
slurmd[curiel1151]: *** STEP 438782.1 KILLED AT 2012-06-10T18:45:41 WITH SIGNAL 9 ***  
srun: Job step aborted: Waiting up to 2 seconds for job step to finish.  
slurmd[curiel1150]: *** STEP 438782.1 KILLED AT 2012-06-10T18:45:41 WITH SIGNAL 9 ***  
slurmd[curiel1151]: *** STEP 438782.1 KILLED AT 2012-06-10T18:45:41 WITH SIGNAL 9 ***
```

don't ask questions! Type `clean_PeriodLength.job` and restart the simulation.

9.3. Errors when creating or transferring files

The file system `$CCCWORKDIR`, `$CCCSTOREDIR`, `$SCRATCHDIR` are delicate. The error messages look like:

```
Input/output error  
Cannot send after transport endpoint shutdown
```

Don't ask question and resubmit the job.

9.4. Job error: Segmentation fault

```
/var/spool/slurmd/job637061/slurm_script: line 534: 458 Segmentation fault /bin/ksh -x ${TEMPO_SCRIPT}
```

If you have this kind of message don't ask question and resubmit the job.

9.5. Error when submitting jobs

This message:

```
error: Batch job submission failed: Job violates accounting policy (job submit limit, user's size and/or time limits)
```

means that you have submitted too many jobs (wait for the jobs to end and resubmit), that your headers are not properly written, or that you did not specify on which genci project the computing time must be deducted. The `ccc_mqinfo` command returns the maximum number of jobs (to this day: 300 for 24h-max jobs, 8 for 72h-max jobs and 2 for test jobs (30 min and max 8 nodes)):

```
ccc_mqinfo
Name      Priority  MaxCPUs  MaxNodes  MaxRun  MaxSub  MaxTime
-----
long      18       1024     2         8       3-00:00:00
normal    20              300      1-00:00:00
test      40              8         2         00:30:00
```

9.6. Long waiting time before a job execution

The computation of the users priority is based on 3 cumulated criteria:

- Selected QOS (test or not)
- The fair-share value of the account (computed from the project and/or partner computation share and the previous use)
- Job's age

If your job is far down the waiting list and if you are working on different projects, use the project with the least computing time used.

This computation is not satisfying because we would prefer to encourage long simulations. We are looking for real examples of abnormal waiting situations. Please take the time to give us your feedback.

9.7. Disk quota exceeded

Be careful to quotas on /scratch! Monitor them with the command `ccc_quota`. Destroy the temporary directories created by jobs that ended too early and that did not clear the `$$SCRATCHDIR/TMPDIR_IGCM` and `$$SCRATCHDIR/RUN_DIR` directories. You should have a 20 To quota on curie.

```
> ccc_quota
Disk quotas for user xxxx:

----- VOLUME ----- INODE -----
Filesystem  usage    soft    hard    grace  files    soft    hard    grace
-----
scratch     3.53T   20T     20T     -      42.61k   2M     2M     -
store       -        -        -        -      93.76k   100k    101k   -
work        232.53G 1T       1.1T    -      844.8k   1.5M    1.5M   -
```

9.8. A daemon (pid unknown) died unexpectedly with status 1 while attempting to launch so we are aborting.

This message appears when time limit is reached. Increase requested time in job's header or reduce `NbPeriod` in your job to reduce the number of loop's iteration.

10. REDO

Simulations with the IPSLCM5/IPSLCM6 coupled model are reproducible if you use the same Bands file for LMDZ. See trusting TGCC/curie on this web page: <http://webservices.ipsl.jussieu.fr/trusting/>